

Green Innovation: The Vital Role of Go Green Communities in Pakistan's Environmental Conservation

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Abstract	This mentoring explores the importance of eco-friendly innovation and the vital role played by the Go Green community in Pakistan's ongoing efforts towards environmental conservation. Pakistan, like many countries, faces pressing environmental challenges, including pollution, deforestation and climate change. Tackling these challenges, the Go Green community has emerged as a grassroots conservation movement to promote sustainable practices and foster environmental awareness. This assistance explores various initiatives carried out by these communities, such as tree planting campaigns, waste management projects, and the implementation of renewable energy. Further, this chapter discusses how these initiatives contribute to the preservation of Pakistan's natural resources, reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, and improvement of overall environmental quality. By highlighting the achievements and goals of the Go Green community, this mentoring underscores the important role they play in shaping Pakistan's more sustainable and environmentally conscious future.
Keywords	Green Innovation; Green Communities Empowering; Pakistan's Environmental
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INTRODUCTION (Palatino Linotype 12, Space 1.15, Justify)

The introduction should briefly place the study in a broad context and highlight why it is important. It should define the purpose of the work and its significance. The current state of the research field should be reviewed carefully, and key publications cited (Fathoni et al., 2021). Please highlight controversial and diverging hypotheses when necessary. Finally, briefly mention the main aim of the work and highlight the principal conclusions. As far as possible, please keep the introduction comprehensible to scientists outside your field of research. References should be cited as (Marchlewska et al., 2019) or (Rizki & Wahdah, 2022) or (Gislason et al., 2021) or (Hanifah et al., 2020) or (Adam et al., 2020), (Nugroho & Hidayah, 2020), or (Otto & Dunens, 2021) or (Hasanudin et al., 2021) or (Fanjoy & Bragg, 2019) or (Wibowo & Darsono, 2022) or (Village et al., 2020) or (Nawawi et al., 2020) or (Fitriawan et al., 2019). See the end of the document for further details on references. Technical terms should be defined. Symbols, abbreviations, and acronyms should be defined the first time they are used. All tables and figures should be cited in numerical order.

METHODS (Palatino Linotype 12, Space 1.15, Justify)

The research method should be included in the Introduction. The use of chapters (h1), subsections (h2), and sub-subsections (h3) in the discussion is in accordance with the needs of the discussion. It is also necessary to explain about the method of research / community service carried out chronologically (mention when the implementation is, at least month and year!).

Method: describes the methods used to carry out research / community service. Examples of methods: a) ABCD (asset based community development), community service that departs from the assets or potentials of the community, b) Diffusion of Appropriate Technology, for example research or service activities that produce products for the target group, c) Training, for example lecture or socialization activities accompanied by demonstrations or pilots to produce certain skills, d) Mediation, for example, activities that show PkM implementers as mediators in solving problems that exist in society, e) Advocacy, for example activities in the form of assistance to target groups (García, 2020). Can use other methods that are also commonly used. In the chapter name (h1), write as a Research Method or Method of Devotion, according to the conditions of the manuscript.

FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION (Palatino Linotype 12, Space 1.15, Justify)

Findings

The results obtained from the research must be supported by sufficient data. The research results and the discovery must be the answers, or the research hypothesis stated previously in the introduction part.

3.1. Subsection

Heading 1: use this style for level one headings

Heading 2: use this style for level two headings

Heading 3: use this style for level three headings

Heading 4: create the heading in italics.

- Bulleted lists look like this:
- First bullet.

- Second bullet
- Third bullet

Numbered lists can be added as follows:

- 1. First item
- 2. Second item
- 3. Third item

The text continues here.

3.2. Figures, Tables and Schemes

All figures and tables should be cited in the main text as Figure 1, Table 1, etc.

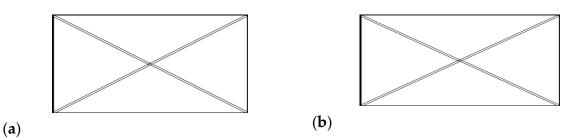


Figure 1. This is a figure; Schemes follow the same formatting. If there are multiple panels, they should be listed as: (**a**) Description of what is contained in the first panel; (**b**) Description of what is contained in the second panel. Figures should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited. A caption on a single line should be centered.

Table 1. This is a table. Tables should be placed in the main text near to the firsttime they are cited.

Title 1	Title 2	Title 3
entry 1	data	data
entry 2	data	data 1
477 11	1	<u> </u>

¹Tables may have a footer.

3.3. Formatting of Mathematical Components (if any)

This is an example of an equation:

$$a = 1,$$
 (1)

the text following an equation need not be a new paragraph. Please punctuate equations as regular text.

Theorem-type environments (including propositions, lemmas, corollaries etc.) can be formatted as follows:

Example text of a Quote. Quote nuote quote quote

The text continues here.

Discussion

Authors should discuss the results and how they can be interpreted from the perspective of previous studies and of the working hypotheses. The findings and their implications should be discussed in the broadest context possible. Future research directions may also be highlighted. The following components should be covered in the discussion: How do your results relate to the original question or objectives outlined in the Introduction section (what/how)? Do you provide interpretation scientifically for each of your results or findings presented (why)? Are your results consistent with what other investigators have reported (what else)? Or are there any differences?

CONCLUSION (Palatino Linotype 12, Space 1.15, Justify)

The conclusion should answer the objectives of the research and research discoveries. The concluding remark should not contain only the repetition of the results and discussions or abstract. You should also suggest future research and point out those that are underway.

GUIDELINES ON REFERENCES

The literature listed in the References contains only the sources referenced or included in the article. We recommend preparing the references with a bibliography software package, such as **Mendeley**, **EndNote**, **Reference Manager or Zotero** to avoid typing mistakes and duplicated references. Referral sources should provide 80% of journal articles, proceedings, or research results from the last five years. Writing techniques bibliography, using the system cites APA (American Psychological Association) Style and the 6th edition.

Example:

Journal Article

- Agdal, R., Midtgård, I. H., & Meidell, V. (2019). Can asset-based community development with children and youth enhance the level of participation in health promotion projects? A qualitative meta-synthesis. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 16(19), 3778.
- Hasanudin, C., Fitrinaingsih, A., Rosyida, F., & Noeruddin, A. (2021). Pelatihan Menulis Artikel untuk Jurnal Nasional Terakreditasi dan Mengirim Melalui Open Journal System (OJS). *Indonesian Journal Of Community Service*, 1(3), 549-555.
- Wibowo, B. A., & Darsono, D. (2022). Community-Based Tourism Design to Develop a Historical Tourism Village in Yogyakarta. *Amalee: Indonesian Journal of Community Research and Engagement*, 3(1), 123-138.

Internet Website

Hidayat, R., & Khalika, N. N. (2019). Bisnis dan Kontroversi Gerakan Indonesia Tanpa Pacaran. Retrieved October 17, 2019, from tirto.id website: https://tirto.id/bisnis-dan-kontroversi-gerakan-indonesia-tanpa-pacaran-cK25

Book

- Manu, G. A. (2020). *Aplikasi Monitoring Penelitian dan Pengabdian Masyarakat Internal Perguruan Tinggi Menggunakan PhpMaker* 2020. Media Sains Indonesia.
- Wekke, I. S (2022). Metode Pengabdian Masyarakat: Dari Rancangan ke Publikasi. Penerbit Adab..

Book Section

Ikhwan, M. (2019). Ulama dan Konservatisme Islam Publik di Bandung: Islam, Politik Identitas, dan Tantangan Relasi Horizontal. In I. Burdah, N. Kailani, & M. Ikhwan (Eds.), *Ulama, Politik, dan Narasi Kebangsaan*. Yogyakarta: PusPIDeP.

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Jagung di Desa Mategal Kecamatan Parang Kabupaten Magetan. *Engagement: Jurnal Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat,* 4(2), 363–375.

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